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NEW PLANT VARIETY OF ASTER TATARICUS NAMED 'BLUE LAKE BLIM'

BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION

Aster tataricus L. 'Blue Lake Blim'

5 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct variety of *Aster tataricus* L. f., which was developed in a controlled breeding program in Kobuchizawa, Gumma Prefecture, Japan by Mr. Shoji Hatano. The varietal denomination of the new variety is 'Blue Lake Blim'.

The genus *Aster* is included in the family Compositae that comprises about 1,300 genera and 21,000 species of herbs, sometimes shrubs, or occasionally trees in tropics, mostly temperate in origin. *Aster* comprises approximately 250 species of mainly herbaceous perennials, though some annuals and biennials, originating in South America, Eurasia, Africa and Asia, many of which possess desirable ornamental characteristics.

Aster tataricus is an extremely variable clumping to rhizomatus perennial native to Japan, Korea, Manchuria, northern China, Mongolia and Siberia. It is typically about 2 meters tall.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The new variety was discovered in a controlled breeding program and differs from its parents by its late spring to early summer bloom season, the distinct violet cast of its ray florets and its compactness, reaching a mature height of 40 to 50 cms tall in flower. Aster tataricus 'Blue Lake Blim' differs from Aster tataricus 'Blue Lake' (U.S. Plant Patent Applied For; Application #10/357,937; filed February 3, 2003) by being 20% shorter, blooming two weeks later and violet flower color. Asexual reproduction of the new variety by division and flower stem cuttings, performed in Kobuchizawa,

Gumma Prefecture, Japan have confirmed that the distinctive characteristics of the new

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variety are stable and transmitted to succeeding generations, and the new variety reproduces true to type.

COMPARISON WITH PARENTS

'Blue Lake Blim' is distinguished from its parents and all other varieties of *Aster tataricus* of which I am aware by its spring to early summer bloom season, the distinct violet cast of its ray florets and its compactness, reaching a mature height of 40 to 50 cms tall in flower.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF ILLUSTRATION

The accompanying illustration shows a plant of the new cultivar showing the colors as true as is reasonably possible to make in an illustration of this character. The photographic illustration depicts a plant of the new cultivar.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW VARIETY

'Blue Lake Blim' has not been observed under all possible environmental, cultural and light conditions. The following observations and descriptions are of approximately one-year-old plants in 1-gallon nursery containers, grown in Kitakoma-gun, Yamanashi, Japan. In this description, color references are to the *Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart* (2001) and terminology used in the color descriptions herein refers to plate numbers in this color chart. Phenotypic expression may vary with light intensity, cultural and environmental conditions.

20 CLASSIFICATION:

Botanical: Aster tataricus L. 'Blue Lake Blim'

Parentage

Female or Seed Parent: Aster tataricus L. 'Blue Lake' (U.S. Plant Patent

Applied For; Application #10/357,937; filed

February 3, 2003)

Male or Pollen Parent: Unknown (unpatented)

Propagation: Division and flower stem cuttings

Time to rooting: Spring: About 21 days at a temperature of

21°C

Winter: About 28 days at a temperature of

18°C

5 Rooting habit: Fine, fibrous, well-branched

Plant Description

Appearance: Herbaceous perennial with mounded growth

habit with upright flower stems. Freely and

uniformly flowering; violet-colored

10 inflorescences.

Size:

Height: In flower, 40 to 50 cm; vegetative stage, 12 to

18 cm

Width: 30 to 40 cm

15 Habit: Mounding perennial, clumping to slightly

rhizomatous, with a basal rosette of foliage and

cauline leaves ascending the stems.

Branching: Leaves radiate from a stout caudex at or below

the soil surface.

20 Hardiness: USDA Zone 4 (-30°F to -20°F)

Growth Rate: Moderate to vigorous

Foliage Description

Shape: Oblanceolate to spatulate

Apex: Acute

25 Base: Attenuate

Margin: Irregularly dentate

Leaf size:

Mature:

Basal leaves: 6 to 7 cm wide; 12 to 30 cm long

30 Cauline leaves: 1.5 to 3.5 cm wide; 2 to 17 cm long

Juvenile: 2 to-3 cm wide; 6 to-7 cm long

Arrangement: Alternate on the stem, occasionally forming

false whorls at the ends of shoots or

subtending an inflorescence.

5 Substance: Coreaceous

Texture: Bullate, especially the basal leaves; scabrous

above and beneath, more scabrous above

Color:

Mature Foliage:

10 Upper Surface: Near Green Group 136A-B

Lower Surface: Near Green Group 136A-B

Young Foliage:

Upper Surface: Near Yellow-Green Group 146A

Under Surface: Near Yellow-Green Group 147C

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Pattern:

Upper and Lower Surfaces: Alternately pinnate, occasionally opposite near

base

Color

20 New Foliage: Upper Surface: near Yellow-Green Group

148B

Under Surface: near Yellow-Green Group

146B

Mature Foliage: Upper Surface: near Yellow-Green Group

148C

Near Yellow-Green Group 146D

Flower Description

Under Surface:

Appearance: Typical composite "daisy" flowers borne in a

loose many-flowered corymb, the up-facing

30 heads held on stiff peduncles, terminal and in

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leaf axils along the stem. Disc and ray florets

arranged acropetally on a capitulum.

Flowering response: Under natural conditions, plants flower from

late spring through fall.

Quantity of inflorescences: Inflorescences form at every leaf axil. Freely

flowering, usually about 65 to 80

inflorescences per plant per season, and from

18 to 25 inflorescences per stem.

Inflorescence size:

10 Diameter: About 3 cm

Depth (height): About 1 cm

Disc diameter: About 8 mm

Fragrance: None

Inflorescence bud:

15 Shape: Ovoid

Length: About 1 cm

Diameter: About 5 mm

Color: Near Purple Group N78C

Ray florets

20 Quantity of ray florets/

inflorescence: From about 16 to 22 per inflorescence

Shape: Elliptic

Apex: Rounded

Base: Attenuate

25 Margin: Entire

Length: About 1.2 to 1.6 cm

Width: About 4 to 6 mm

Texture: Satiny, smooth and glabrous

Color: Near violet group N87B-C

30 Disc florets

Base:

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Quantity: About 35 to 40 per inflorescence

Shape: Tubular

Length: About 6 mm

Width: About 2 mm

5 Color: Near Yellow Group 7C

Phyllaries

Appearance: Leaf-like

Quantity: Approximately 25

Shape: Linear

10 Apex: Acute

Margin: EntireTexture: Smooth

Color: Upper Surface: Near Green Group 139C;

Truncate

Lower Surface: Near Green Group 139C

15 Peduncle

Aspect: Angled about 45°

Strength: Strong

Length:

Apical peduncle: About 2 cm
Fourth peduncle: About 5 cm

Seventh peduncle: About 6 cm

Texture: Coarse

Color: Near Green Group 138B

Lastingness of Inflorescence

25 On Plant: 6 to 8 weeks

Cut Flower: Up to 2 weeks

Lastingness of Individual Bloom

On Plant: 2 weeks

Cut Flower: 5 days

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Time to Produce Flowering Plant: Approximately 6 to 8 weeks from a rooted division canned into a #1 nursery container.

REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS

Pollen:

Disease resistance:

Androecium Present on disc florets only

Pollen Color: Near Yellow Group 9B

Gynoecium Present on both ray and disc florets

Scarce

Style Length: About 3mm

Stigma Color: Near Yellow Group 10C

10 Pistils: 1 per ray floret

Seed production: Seed production has not been observed.

observed to be resistant to pathogens common

Plants of 'Blue Lake Blim' have not been

to Asters.